The Long-Term Outcomes of Double White Dwarf Mergers with L. Bildsten, E. Quataert, K. Shen, & others

Josiah Schwab 02 November 2015 There are WD+WD binaries that will merge; the rate in the Milky Way is ~1 per century.



Badenes & Maoz (2012); ELM: Gianninas et al. (2015)

There are a wide variety of post-merger outcomes.



e.g., Webbink (1984), ... ; Fig. from Dan et al. (2014)

Today, I will focus on the merger of two CO WDs, with a total mass above the Chandrasekhar mass.



The primary WD remains relatively undisturbed; The secondary WD is disrupted, forming a disk.



Fig. from Dan et al. (2011)

The evolution can be divided into three phases with well-separated timescales.

Dynamical Time (min)

Completion of merger

Viscous Time (hr)

Redistribute ang. mom.

Thermal Time (kyr)

Radiate away energy

Shen et al. (2012); Schwab et al. (2012)

Introduction to WD+WD Mergers

The Viscous Evolution of WD Merger Remnants

The Thermal Evolution of WD Merger Remnants

Summary and Conclusions

The remnant is unstable to the MRI and evolves viscously before cooling significantly.

z [10⁹ cm]



Schwab et al. (2012)

t = 0 s

The remnant is unstable to the MRI and evolves viscously before cooling significantly.

t = 1000 s



Schwab et al. (2012)

$$z [10^9 \text{ cm}]$$

 $\phi \xrightarrow{\bullet} R [10^9 \text{ cm}]$

The remnant is unstable to the MRI and evolves viscously before cooling significantly.

t = 10000 s



 $z [10^9 \text{ cm}]$ $\phi \xrightarrow{\uparrow} R [10^9 \text{ cm}]$

Schwab et al. (2012)

The viscous heating ignites carbon fusion off-center in the remnant.



Schwab et al. (2012)

Energy generation and heat transport will drive the next phase of evolution.



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I map the output of the hydro simulations into the MESA stellar evolution code.



A convectively-bounded carbon deflagration forms and propagates inward.



 $\operatorname{time}\left[\operatorname{years}\right]$

The flame reaches the center; the material is oxygen-neon and non-degenerate.



Then the remnant undergoes a phase of Kelvin-Helmholtz contraction.



The KH contraction is neutrino-cooled and leads to off-center neon ignition.



Fig. adapted from Nomoto (1984)

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A convectively-bounded neon deflagration forms and propagates inward.



The outcome depends on the central composition; does the off-center burning reach the center?

Core-collapse



Schwab+ (in prep)

The outcome depends on the central composition; does the off-center burning reach the center?

Electron-capture Core-collapse



Schwab+ (2015)

Schwab+ (in prep)

The outcome depends on the central composition; does the off-center burning reach the center?



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Summary and Conclusions

- A double white dwarf system that merges goes through three phases:
 - dynamical phase (merger)
 - viscous phase (rapid redistribution of ang. mom.)
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 - dynamical phase (merger)
 - viscous phase (rapid redistribution of ang. mom.)
 - thermal phase (readjustment and stellar evolution)
- Connecting simulations of each phase enables studies of the long-term evolution.
- For super-Chandrasekhar WD mergers, the likely fate is collapse to a neutron star; the evolution towards collapse appears to be more complicated than previously understood.